

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/721,087	11/26/2003	Hironobu Amano	4632-39-1	7785
22852	7590 07/01/2004		EXAMINER	
FINNEGAN	I, HENDERSON, FAR	LIN, ING HOUR		
LLP 1300 I STREET, NW			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	WASHINGTON, DC 20005			

DATE MAILED: 07/01/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		V.			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/721,087	AMANO ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Ing-Hour Lin	1725			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
 1) ⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>26 November 2003</u>. 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ⊠ This action is non-final. 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i>, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. 					
Disposition of Claims					
 4) Claim(s) 1-6 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-6 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) △ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. △ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 10/009,642. 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s) 1) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) ☑ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) ☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper N	v Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 			

Application/Control Number: 10/721,087

Art Unit: 1725

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claims 2-4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. In claim 2, line 4, "a communication network" is unclear because it has an antecedent basis in claim 1, line 5. Are they different?

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Application/Control Number: 10/721,087

Art Unit: 1725

3. Claims 1 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over either Oda et al or Ferdinandsen et al in view of Takayama.

Oda et al (col. 2, lines 44+) teach the claimed monitoring system for a molding apparatus, comprising sensors 11 and local controller 13 for precompacting molding sand. Also Takayama (col. 4, lines 44+) teaches the claimed monitoring system for a molding apparatus for operating molding and casting plants comprising sensors (video cameras 03, 09) and local controller 13-15 for operating molding and casting plants. Either Oda et al or Ferdinandsen et al fail to teach the use of a communication network.

However, Takayama (col. 4, lines 20+) teaches the use of a communication network including a line production management computer connected through an Ethernet for the purpose of effectively remotely controlling the molding condition without going to the machine installation site. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to provide either Oda et al or Ferdinandsen et al the use a communication network as taught by Takayama in order effectively remotely control the molding condition without going to the machine installation site.

4. Claims 2-4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over either Oda et al or Ferdinandsen et al in view of Takayama and further in view of either Choi or Hillman et al.

Either Oda et al or Ferdinandsen et al in view of Takayama fails to teach the use of an alarm management.

However, Choi (col. 11, lines 45+) teaches the use of an alarm management for the purpose of effectively controlling the operating parameters in a molding system. Also, Hillman

Page 4

Application/Control Number: 10/721,087

Art Unit: 1725

et al (col. 6, lines 47+) teaches the use of an alarm management (alarm field 1038 in Fig. 2) for the purpose of effectively controlling the operating parameters in a molding system. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to provide either Oda et al or Ferdinandsen et al in view of Takayama the use of an alarm management as taught by in order to effectively control the operating parameters in a molding system.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ing-Hour Lin whose telephone number is (571) 272-1180. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (8:00-5:30) Second Friday Off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tom Dunn can be reached on (571) 272-1171. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

1. KL.

Kiley Stoner A4 1725 Wy Stone 6/28/04

I.-H. Lin

6-22-04